

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Albright, Fortenberry & Ninas, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA / PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA

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Albright, Fortenberry & Ninas, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Phenix City, Alabama

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the Phenix City Board of Education - a discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Phenix City, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Phenix City, Alabama's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the government of the City of Phenix City, Alabama, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, and 7 Mill Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note T, the 2008 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages i thru vi are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued reports dated July 17, 2009, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Phenix City, Alabama's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Albright, Forterberry & Minas, LLP

Columbus, Georgia July 17, 2009



CITY OF PHENIX CITY ALABAMA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT 601 ~ 12TH STREET PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA 36867 (334) 448-2730 - FAX (334) 448-2731

> H.S. (SONNY) COULTER MAYOR

JAMES (JIMMY) WETZEL COUNCIL MEMBER AT LARGE

MAX WILKES COUNCIL MEMBER DISTRICT 1 COUNCIL MEMBER DISTRICT 2

MICHELLE E. WALKER

ARTHUR SUMBRY COUNCIL MEMBER DISTRICT 3

WALLACE HUNTER CITY MANAGER

STEPHEN C. SMITH DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

CHARLOTTE SIERRA CITY CLERK

City of Phenix City, Alabama **Management Discussion and Analysis** Fiscal year 2008 October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2008

This report represents management's discussion and analysis of the City's financial statements and financial performance for the fiscal year which ended September 30, 2008. This report should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow:

The City implemented, in fiscal 2003, the accounting principles established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

The City's financial statements consist of three parts: the management's discussion and analysis (this section) the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The basic financial statements provide government-wide financial information about the City's overall financial status.

The Financial statements also include narrative notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

- The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets.
- All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities and changes in net assets regardless of when cash is received or paid. This represents a change in net assets in the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets, revenues or expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

To assess the overall economic health of the City, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure should be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities most of the City's basic services are included here, such as General Government (which includes Administration, Personnel, Finance, and the City Courts) Public Safety, Public Works, Parks and Recreation and Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt;
- Business-Type Activities the City's Golf Course and Water and Sewer Services are included here; and
- Discretely Presented Component Units financial information on the Phenix City Board of Education and the Phenix City/Russell County Library are presented here.

Fund Financial Statements

State law and /or accounting rules require certain revenue sources or types of expenditures to be accounted for separately in special funds. Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, rather than the City as a whole.

- State law requires the various gas taxes to be accounted for separately because their expenditures are restricted to specific uses.
- The City Council has established Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds to better control the use of monies dedicated to a particular purpose such as the Seven Mill Tax Fund used for general obligation debt service.
- The City Council has also established funds to show compliance with certain legally restricted revenue sources, such as the Corrections Fund and Confiscated Property Funds which must be used for public safety related expenses.

The City's Funds are separated into two types

- Governmental Funds; Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds, which focus on:
 - o How cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and.
 - o Balances left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending in future years.

Consequently, governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's services. A comparison of the short-term governmental funds focus of accounting and the government-wide long-term focus of accounting can provide useful information and a better understanding of the long-term impact of the City's short-term funding decisions.

- Proprietary Funds; Services provided to the general public for which customers are charged a fee
 are generally reported in Enterprise funds, which are called proprietary funds in the financial
 statements. The City of Phenix City has two proprietary funds:
 - o The Utility Fund which provides water and sewer services to residential, commercial and industrial customers residing within the City's utility district and,

 The Golf Fund which accounts for the operations of the city owned Lakewood Golf Course.

These two funds function like business activities, so their financial statements provide different information than those of the governmental funds, such as depreciation expense and cash flows.

Financial Analysis of the City (Primary Government)

Assets

Most of the Governmental Activities net assets are invested in capital assets (land, buildings, equipment, and roads etc.). Total assets of the City were \$118,333,110 for 2008 compared to \$120,728,987 for 2007. The City's investment in such capital assets as of September 30, 2008 was \$93,293,636 which is an increase of \$7,015,064 from September 30, 2007 of \$86,278,572. The City has recorded \$52,445,539 in depreciation against these capital assets leaving a net asset book value of \$40,848,097. Debt outstanding related to capital assets was \$28,362,347 leaving an investment in capital assets of \$12,685,750 compared to \$5,308,341 for 2007.

The City's Business-type Activities had capital assets as of September 30, 2008 of \$94,582,888 an increase of \$2,811,576 from September 2007 of \$91,771,312. Net of \$28,685,738 in depreciation the City's Business-type Activities had \$65,897,150 in capital assets most of which were related to Public Utilities (water and sewer). The City's water and sewer system had an outstanding revenue debt of \$26,245,500. The investment in capital assets for 2008 was \$40,811,868 compared to \$38,947,312 for 2007.

Revenues

The City's total revenue from Governmental Activities was \$27,307,963 a decrease of less than .1% from the previous year of \$27,311,318. The largest revenue source for the City is the sales and use tax which represents \$12,535,448 or 46% of the total. Charges for service totaled \$1,801,343, property taxes totaled \$4,267,281, other taxes \$2,295,359 and investment earnings totaled \$171,227. The property tax rate for the City is 19 mills with seven mills dedicated for education and seven mills dedicated for debt service the remaining 5 mills is for operations. Of the total property taxes \$1,502,971 is dedicated to debt service and \$1,684,797 for education.

Expenses

Departmental operating expenditures totaled \$21,541,764 or 79.03% of total non-capital expenditures of \$27,254,838. The City transferred \$1,688,214 to the Phenix City Board of Education and debt service on general obligation debt totaled \$3,473,963. Capital outlays during the fiscal year were \$7,386,188.

Public Safety (police and fire departments) is the largest category of departmental operating expenses totaling \$10,682,998 or 48.81%. Public Works is second at \$4,510,680 or 20.61%, General government, which includes the City Managers Office, City Clerk, Finance, Personnel, and Municipal Court, is third with a total of \$4,142,199 or 18.46% with Parks & Recreation at \$2,205,887 or 10.08% representing most of the balance of departmental operating expenditures.

Business-Type Activities

The City operates two Business-type Activities, the Lakewood Golf Course and a Public Utility which provides water and sewer services.

Operating Revenues were \$579,589 for fiscal 2008 compared to \$788,602 in 2007. Operating expenses exceeded operating revenues at the Lakewood Golf Course by \$362,007in 2008 compared to \$172,619 in 2007, with total expenses including depreciation exceeding revenues by \$389,038 in 2008 compared to \$254,400 in 2007. Net cash flow of 2008 was a negative \$391,329 compared to a negative 23,616 in 2007. The golf course was closed for renovations much of fiscal 2008 after the greens had died. The course was reopened in late July of 2008 with new greens and other improvements. The course has never been profitable on a sustained basis but we expect to operate at or near break even for fiscal 2009 not including depreciation.

Operating revenues of \$9,673,891 were up \$758,062 in 2008 compared to \$8,915,829 in 2007. Operating expenses of \$6,300,398 compared to \$5,715,057 were up \$585,341 primarily due to extensive repairs and equipment upgrades at the wastewater treatment plant. Operating income increased \$172,721 to \$3,373,493 in 2008 compared to \$3,200,772 in 2007. Depreciation and amortization expenses of \$2,093,256 increased \$328,175 from \$1,765,081 in 2007, interest expense was \$1,502,955 in 2008 compared to \$1,375,821 in 2007 interest income was \$110,272 in 2008 compared to \$283,141 in 2007 and contributed assets were \$1,515,371 in 2008 compared to \$1,491,329 in 2007. Net income was \$1,402,925 for 2008 which was down from \$1,834,340 in 2007 due to the increase in depreciation and amortization and the reduction in interest income. Contributed assets are capital assets constructed by private developers and contributed to the City when the City accepts a new development. The utility raised water rates by 15% and sewer rates by 40% in April of 2008 to account for increased operating expenses and planned capital improvements and renovations. The City plans capital spending of 12 and 15 million dollars over the next 3 years primarily in improvements to the wastewater plant and collection system to accommodate expected growth.

Fund Balances

The General Fund Balance decreased \$1,876,756 to \$3,708,652 in 2008 compared to \$5,585,408 in 2007 due to funds advanced for a land purchase, the City intends to repay fund balance when bonds are issued in fiscal 2009 to fund this purchase and other capital projects. The fund balance for the City's Other Governmental Funds decreased \$5,844,699 to \$1,123,120 in 2008 compared to \$6,967,819 in 2007 due to spending down of bond proceeds as the city neared completion of several capital projects.

Net assets in the Public Utilities Fund increased \$1,402,925 to \$43,565,279 in 2008 compared to \$42,162,354 in 2007 and net assets declined in the Non-Major Enterprise (Lakewood Golf Course) Fund by \$389,038 to \$404,081 in 2008 compared to \$793,119 in 2007. Net assets increased \$581,556 in all Business-type Funds to \$43,969,360 in 2008 compared to \$42,955,473 in 2007.

Budgetary Highlights

The City adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, Utility Fund and Golf Course Fund.

Total operating revenues were \$2,295,659 or 9% less than budgetary projections in the General Fund, however; \$1,266,780 of this was grant funds for a capital project that was delayed the \$1,028,879 balance in the shortfall was primarily reduced sales tax. Two large commercial developments, one in Auburn, Alabama and the other in Columbus Georgia pulled a significant amount of retail sales away from Phenix City. Sales tax revenues have stabilized and we expect them to return to normal levels in

2009. Departmental expenditures were \$723,521 less than budgeted as the City reduced spending due to revenue shortfalls. Capital expenditures were \$581,556 less than budgeted due to a delay in the Riverwalk Extension Project.

Golf course revenues were down sharply as the City closed the course for extensive renovation, the course reopened in late July of 2008 and revenues have rebounded strongly. Water and sewer revenues in the Utility Fund were up sharply; the City raised water rates 15% and sewer rates 40% and increased development fees in April of 2008 in anticipation of increased operating expenses and to fund the departments Capital Improvement Plan. The City expects to have a 15% to 18% growth in customers over the next two years due to the increase in personnel and civilian jobs at Fort Benning from the Base Realignment and Closure Act. The City has become much less reliant on its largest commercial and industrial users due to strong residential growth throughout the City and increased sales to the Russell County Water Authority. Revenues were greater than expected as growth in the City's residential connections continued at a strong pace.

Capital Asset and Debt Management

The City included infrastructure capital assets in its financial statement for the first time as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34 for September 30, 2003. The City inventoried all infrastructure assets during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003, monitored additions and deletions closely and the Statement of Net Assets in this report complies with GASB Statement No. 34.

The City did not issue any GO debt and retired \$2,235,000 in Fiscal 2008 and had \$28,362,347 outstanding in long-term general obligation debt at Fiscal 2008 year end compared to \$30,598,347 in 2007. General Fund Debt of \$20,372,347 or 71.8% of the total outstanding in 2008 will be retired by the end of 2018.

General obligation debt is payable from the City's general revenues. Some of the long-term debt is payable from legally restricted funds. Revenue from the City's 7-Mill Tax Fund has been dedicated for debt service.

The City did not issue revenue debt in Fiscal 2008 and retired \$1,200,000 the City had \$26,245,000 in revenue debt outstanding at the end of Fiscal 2008 compared to \$27,445,000 in 2007. Of the \$26,245,000 in Revenue Warrants payable from the Utility Fund revenues outstanding at Fiscal 2008 year-end \$10,340,000 or 39.4% will be retired by 2018 year end.

Bond Ratings

The City received its most recent bond rating an A+ rating from Standard & Poors on its general obligation warrants.

Economic Factors and Expectations

The local economy has grown in terms of housing, jobs and retail development but the development of large retail developments in near-by cities has reduced the amount of retail traffic from west Georgia and Lee County in east Alabama. The City has maintained a steadily growing property tax base for the last 4 years however; the increase in retail development in nearby cities negatively impacted

sales tax revenues in 2007and in 2008. The revenues have stabilized and begun to grow again and we expect growth to accelerate in 2009 and 2010. The unemployment rate is lower than the state average and has increased at a slower rate than the state and nation due to continued though slower growth. New housing starts spurred by faster than expected population growth have continued while the rate of new starts is slower than it has been it was higher than expected given the state of the housing market nationally. The construction of a new KIA automotive plant 30 miles north of the city and the coming expansion of Fort Benning and announced expansion of AFLAC in Columbus, Georgia is expected to increase population in the metro area by more than 15% in the next 3 years. With the expected continued growth in the regional economy and the continued population growth and new retail development currently planned the City's revenues should increase sufficiently to fund planned services for at least the next three to five years.

The City completed a study of water and sewer rates in 2008 and raised rates and fees to cover planned operations and capital expenditures over the next five years as well as expansion of the water and sewer distribution system to accommodate the expected new growth. Both the water and sewer treatment systems currently operate at just under one-half capacity leaving ample room for growth. The City has entered into an agreement to provide water to Fort Mitchell, Alabama, sewer service to the City of Smith's, Alabama and both water and sewer service to the Russell County Utility System which should result in steady revenue growth from these sources at little cost to the City. The Russell County Utility System is now the City's largest customer.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the City of Phenix City's citizens, taxpayers, investors, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. It is also designed to demonstrate the City's accountability for the public assets under management. Please contact the City of Phenix City Finance Department, 601 12th Street, Phenix City, Alabama 36867, with any questions or to request additional information.

Stephen C. Smith Director of Finance

			Primary Government		Compor	Component Units
		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Phenix City Board of Education	Component Component Unit
ASSETS						
Cash Investments		\$ 4,773,825	\$ 620,015	\$ 5,393,840	s 1,002,173 4,244,435	\$ 44,019
Accourts receivable Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Intergovermmental receivable		332,058 262,226 300,012	1,973,104	2,305,162 262,226 300,012	659,205	11,312
Notes receivable Interest receivable Internal balances Prepaid expenses Inventories		390,000 455,408 194,476 116,570	52,443 (455,408) (65,716 222,078	390,000 52,443 — 260,192 338,648	39,309 289,401	11111
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		40,848,097	65,897,150	106,745,247	54,454,378	20,193
Deferred outflow for interest rate swap agreement Bond issue costs		527,892	907,263 385,703	907,263 913,595	588,489	1 1
Kestrated assets: Cash Investments Accounts receivable		1 1	1,371,745	1,371,745	645,986 3,005,865 508,746	1 1 1
	TOTAL ASSETS	48,200,564	71,039,809	119,240,373	65,437,987	75,524
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accured flabilities Accured payroll and employee benefits Compensated absences Customer deposits Deferred revenue Liabilities payable from restricted assets Unamortized premium paid Warrants and debt payable, current portion Noncurrent flabilities: Claims payable, less current portion Fair value of swap agreement Warrants and debt payable, less current portion Fair value of swap agreement Restricted for capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted Unrestricted	TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,287,214 839,565 380,942 675,880 	80,861 154,584 103,318 24,618 1,286,760 23,940,088 27,070,449 40,811,866 1,371,745 1,785,747		3,880,442 3,880,441 105,577 34,368,642 40,810,482 18,642,300 3,285,118 3,285,118 3,285,118	1,758 1,738
	TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 16,407,617	\$ 43,969,360	\$ 60,376,977	\$ 24,627,505	\$ 72,028

Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Revenue Net Assets Units	Non-Major Component Unit		111311	1	1 1		1		(24,022)	(24,022)	1,280	1,280	(22,742)	94,770	72,028
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Component Units	Phenix City Board of Education			}		I	69		\$ (10,267,325) \$	\$ (10,267,325) \$	\$ 6,815,543 \$ 3,035,353 565,087	10,415,983	148,658	24,478,847	\$ 24,627,505 \$
ıts	Total		\$ (428,895) (10,059,721) (5,717,009) (2,755,080) (1,688,214) (1,316,078)	(21,964,997)	1,292,653	903,360	\$ (21,061,637)		 		\$ 6,562,640 12,535,448 - 281,754 1,938,570	21,318,412	256,775	60,120,202	\$ 60,376,977
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government	Business-Type Activities		1 1 1	!	1,292,653	903,360	\$ 903,360		} 	9	110,527	110,527	1,013,887	42,955,473	\$ 43,969,360
A pris	Governmental Activities		\$ (428,895) (10,059,721) (5,717,009) (2,755,080) (1,688,214) (1,316,078)	(21,964,997)	ł 1	1	\$ (21,964,997)		97 P		\$ 6,562,640 12,535,448 171,227 1,938,570	21,207,885	(757,112)	17,164,729	\$ 16,407,617
	Total		\$ 4,253,237 (997,701 2,667,196 120,514	8,038,648	11,189,262 635,189	11,824,451	\$ 19,863,099		\$ 49,797,905 273,756	\$ 50,071,661	,,				••
Program Revenues	Capital Grants and Contributions			1	1,562,704	1,618,304	1,618,304		: 1	I					
Program	Operating Grants and Contributions		8 865,853	865,853	i i		\$ 865,853 \$		\$ 47,880,329 \$	\$ 48,132,168 \$	cific program	sanı	əts		
	Charges for Services		\$ 4,253,237 \$ 997,701 1,801,343 120,514	7,172,795	9,626,558 579,589	10,206,147	\$ 17,378,942		\$ 1,917,576 \$	\$ 1,939,493	beneral revenues; Property taxes Sales taxes Other revenue Investment eamings Contributions not restricted to specific program	Total general revenues	Change in net assets	Net assets - beginning - as restated	þ
	Expenses		\$ 4,682,132 11,057,422 8,384,205 2,875,594 1,688,214 1,316,078	30,003,645	9,896,609	10,921,091	\$ 40,924,736		\$ 60,065,230 297,778	\$ 60,363,008	General revenues: Property taxes Sales taxes Other revenue Investment earnings Contributions not res	,-	Ü	Net assets - begi	Net assets - ending
	Functions/Programs	Primary Government:	Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Parks and Recreation Education Interest and fees on Long-term debt	Total Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities: Utilities Golf Course	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Component Units:	Phenix City Board of Education Non-Major Component Units	Total Component Units					

Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

	_	General Fund		Capital Improvement Fund		7 Mill Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	3,160,220	\$	604,927	\$	43,886	\$	960,110	\$	4,769,143
Accounts receivable		62,317		_				269,741		332,058
Intergovernmental receivable		300,012								300,012
Taxes receivable		200,281				17,934		44,011		262,226
Notes receivable				_				390,000		390,000
Due from other funds		1,892,990						51		1,893,041
Prepaid expenses		194,476								194,476
Inventories		116,570	-		-		-			116,570
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	5,926,866	\$_	604,927	\$ =	61,820	\$	1,663,913	\$	8,257,526
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	811,346	\$	195,990	\$	1,059	\$	64,219	\$	1,072,614
Accrued liabilities	•	839,565	•		•		•	,	•	839,565
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		358,608								358,608
Payroll withholdings		22,334						-		22,334
Due to other funds		186,361	_		_	941,155	_	5,117		1,132,633
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,218,214		195,990		942,214		69,336		3,425,754
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved:										
Special Revenue Funds		_						906,558		906,558
Debt Service Funds		_						28,278		28,278
Inventories		116,570						·		116,570
Self insurance		439,588								439,588
Projects		394,470		408,937		_				803,407
Receivables								659,741		659,741
Encumbrances		282,612								282,612
Unreserved:										
Undesignated		2,475,412	-		-	(880,394)				1,595,018
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	3,708,652		408,937		(880,394)		1,594,577		4,831,772
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	5,926,866	\$_	604,927	\$_	61,820	\$	1,663,913	\$	8,257,526

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 4,831,772

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$92,556,996 and the accumulated depreciation is \$52,445,539.

40,848,097

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Warrants and debt payable \$28,279,346 Compensated absences 675,880 Claims payable 330,000

(29, 285, 226)

Unamortized bond cost are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

527,892

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statements of Net Assets.

(514,918)

\$16,407,617

REVENUES General Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Parks and recreation Intergovernmental Revenues License, Permits and Fees Fines and Forfeitures Interest Revenues Sales of Property Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	General 2,917,136 12,535,448 120,514 594,838 3,784,290 755,170 55,250 1,801,343 435,189	\$	Capital Improvement Fund 271,015 47,229	7 Mill Fund \$ 1,502,971 2,610 25	Other Governmenta Funds \$ 2,142,533	- \$ - - - -	Total Governmental Funds 6,562,640 12,535,448 120,514 865,853 3,784,290 997,701 171,227 4,220 1,801,343 464,727
TOTAL REVENUES		22,999,178		318,244	1,505,606	2,484,935	i	27,307,963
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Public Safety Public Works Parks and Recreation Education Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Agent fees	_	4,142,199 10,682,998 4,510,680 2,205,887 1,182,555		 6,201,104 	277,115 2,235,000 1,219,830 19,133	273,782 1,688,214 2,529 	-	4,419,314 10,682,998 4,784,462 2,205,887 1,688,214 7,386,188 2,235,000 1,219,830 19,133
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	22,724,319		6,201,104	3,751,078	1,964,525	<u>i</u>	34,641,026
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	274,859		(5,882,860)	(2,245,472)	520,410	<u> </u>	(7,333,063)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	-	136,777 (1,900,000)	-	1,390,242	2,205,000	25,000 (1,857,019	<u>)</u>	3,757,019 (3,757,019)
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(1,763,223)		1,390,242	2,205,000	(1,832,019	<u>)</u>	
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(1,488,364)		(4,492,618)	(40,472)	(1,311,609	1)	(7,333,063)
FUND BALANCE - OCTOBER 1, 2007		5,585,408		4,901,555	(839,922)	2,906,186	i	12,553,227
Prior period Adjustment	-	(388,392)					<u>.</u>	(388,392)
FUND BALANCE - OCTOBER 1, 2007 as restated	-	5,197,016	-	4,901,555	(839,922)	2,906,186	<u>;</u>	12,164,835
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	\$	3,708,652	\$	408,937	\$ (880,394)	\$1,594,577	<u> </u> \$	4,831,772

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO
THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended September 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (7,333,063)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.

9,863,065

Fixed asset contributed to Troy State University

(2,965,000)

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.

(2,072,655)

Long-term compensated absences and claims payable are reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term compensated absences and claims are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.

(377,318)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

This amount represents: Long-term debt repayments
Amortization of issuance costs

2,435,000 (36,430)

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge cost of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Revenue Service Funds is reported with Governmental Activities.

__(270,711)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

(757,112)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Ви	idge	et .				Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	Over (Under)
REVENUES Taxes	\$	2,105,613	\$	2,105,613	\$	2,917,136	\$	811,523
Sales tax	Ψ	15,041,250	Ψ	15,041,250	Ψ.	12,535,448	Ψ.	(2,505,802)
Licenses, permits and fees		3,480,500		3,480,500		3,784,290		303,790
Charges for services		1,650,523		1,650,523		1,801,343		150.820
Fines and forfeitures		645,000		645,000		755,170		110,170
Parks and Recreation		101,550		101,550		120,514		18 964
Intergovernmental revenue		1,763,618		1,861,618		594,838		(1,266,780)
Investment income		255,000		255,000		55,250		(199,750)
Miscellaneous revenues	_	153,783	_	153,783	_	435,189	_	281,406
TOTAL REVENUES		25,196,837		25,294,837		22,999,178		(2,295,659)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		3,916,697		4,019,847		4,142,199		122,352
Public Safety		10,866,954		11,244,305		10,682,998		(561,307)
Public Works		4,938,183		4,495,283		4,510,680		15,397
Parks and Recreation		2,402,925		2,402,925		2,205,887		(197,038)
Capital Outlay	-	1,764,111	-	1,764,111	-	1,182,555	_	(581,556)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	23,888,870	_	23,926,471	-	22,724,319	_	(1,202,152)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,307,967		1,368,366		274,859		(1,093,507)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		305,000		305,000		136,777		(168,223)
Operating transfers out				(1,720,000)		(1,900,000)	_	180,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	305,000	-	(1,415,000)	-	(1,763,223)	_	(348,223)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		1,612,967		(46,634)		(1,488,364)		(1,441,730)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR AS RESTATED	-	5,197,016		5,197,016	-	5,197,016	-	
FUND BALANCES AT YEAR END	\$	6,809,983	\$	5,150,382	\$	3,708,652	\$_	(1,441,730)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND Year Ended September 30, 2008

		_	Bu Original	dge	tFinal		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Investment income		\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$_	271,015 47,229	\$	271,015 22,229
	TOTAL REVENUES		25,000		25,000		318,244		293,244
EXPENDITURES									
Current: Capital outlay		_	2,590,000	_	2,590,000	_	6,201,104	_	3,611,104
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	2,590,000	_	2,590,000	_	6,201,104	_	3,611,104
	CESS OF REVENUES OVER NDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,565,000)		(2,565,000)		(5,882,860)		(3,317,860)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	S (USES)								
Transfer In		_		_		_	1,390,242		1,390,242
TOTAL OTHER FI	NANCING SOURCES (USES)	_		_		_	1,390,242	_	1,390,242
	ES AND OTHER FINANCING NDER) EXPENDITURES NING USES		(2,565,000)		(2,565,000)		(4,492,618)		(1,927,618)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGIN	NING OF YEAR	_	4,901,555	_	4,901,555	_	4,901,555	_	
FUN	ID BALANCES AT YEAR END	\$_	2,336,555	\$_	2,336,555	\$_	408,937	\$_	(1,927,618)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL 7 MILL FUND Year Ended September 30, 2008

			Do	daa				Variance with Final Budget
		-	Original	dget	Final	Actual		Over (Under)
REVENUES Taxes Investment income Miscellaneous		\$	1,536,900 15,000	\$	1,536,900 15,000 	\$ 1,502,971 2,610 25	\$	(33,929) (12,390) 25
	TOTAL REVENUES		1,551,900		1,551,900	1,505,606		(46,319)
EXPENDITURES								
General government Debt service:			277,115		277,115	277,115		
Principal			2,235,000		2,235,000	2,235,000		
Interest			1,186,543		1,186,543	1,219,830		33,287
Agent fees		_	15,000	_	15,000	19,133	_	4,133
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	3,713,658	_	3,713,658	3,751,078	_	37,420
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,161,758)		(2,161,758)	(2,245,472)		(83,714)
OTHER FINANCING SO Transfers in	URCES (USES)		1,995,000	_	1,995,000	2,205,000	-	210,000
TOTAL OTH	ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	1,995,000	_	1,995,000	2,205,000	_	210,000
SOURCES OVE	VENUES AND OTHER FINANCING ER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES NANCING USES		(166,758)		(166,758)	(40,472)		126,286
FUND BALANCES AT B	EGINNING OF YEAR	_	(839,922)	_	(839,922)	(839,922)	_	
	FUND BALANCES AT YEAR END	\$_	(1,006,680)	\$_	(1,006,680)	\$ (880,394)	\$_	126,286

	В	usiness-Type Acti		
		Enterprise Fund	ls	Governmental
		Non-Major		Activities
	Public	Enterprise	T-4-1	Internal Service
ASSETS	<u>Utilities</u>	Funds	Total	<u>Funds</u>
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Cash	\$ 604,340	\$ 15,675	\$ 620,015	\$ 4,682
Accounts receivable (net of allowance \$924,490)	1,967,217	5,887	1,973,104	-
Interest receivable	52,443		52,443	
Due from other funds	1,127,465	00.004	1,127,465	-
Inventory	183,984	38,094	222,078	
Prepaid expenses	63,045	2,671	65,716	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,998,494	62,327	4,060,821	4,682
FIXED ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment	92,153,756	2,429,131	94,582,887	
Accumulated depreciation	(27,660,542)	(1,025,195)		
	64,493,214	1,403,936	65,897,150	
OTHER ASSETS				
Deferred outflow for interest rate swap agreement	907,263		907,263	***
Bond issue costs	385,703		385,703	
	1,292,966		1,292,966	
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash	1,371,745		1,371,745	
TOTAL ASSETS	71,156,419	1,466,263	72,622,682	4,682
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES (november from overcent genetal)				
CURRENT LIABILITIES (payable from current assets): Accounts payable	551,846	21,131	572,977	214,600
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	70,421	10,440	80,861	214,000
Compensated absences	141,365	13,219	154,584	
Customer deposits	103,318	10,210	103,318	
Due to other funds	590,099	992,774	1,582,873	305,000
Deferred revenue	-	24,618	24,618	
Deletted teactine		24,010		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES (PAYABLE FROM CURRENT ASSETS)	1,457,049	1,062,182	2,519,231	519,600
CURRENT LIABILITIES (payable from restricted assets):				
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,255,000		1,255,000	
Accrued interest	31,760		31,760	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES (PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS)	1,286,760		1,286,760	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Long-term debt, less current maturities	23,940,068	_	23,940,068	
Fair value of swap agreement	907,263		907,263	
Tall talle of onep agreement	24,847,331		24,847,331	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,591,140	1,062,182	28,653,322	519,600
MET ACCETS				
NET ASSETS	30 YUZ USS	1,403,936	40,811,868	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service	39,407,932 1,371,745	1,403,830	1,371,745	
Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	2,785,602	(999,855)		(514,918)
Olitearieten	2,700,002	(999,000)	1,100,141	(014,910)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ <u>43,565,279</u>	\$ 404,081	\$ <u>43,969,360</u>	\$ (514,918)

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended September 30, 2008

		E		iness-Type Ac		es	
	_			Enterprise Fur	nds		Governmental
REVENUES		Public Utilities	_	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	-	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Fund
Charges for services Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous	\$	9,390,393 47,333 236,165	\$	579,589 	\$	9,969,982 47,333 236,165	\$ 2,404,424
TOTAL REVENUES		9,673,891		579,589		10,253,480	2,404,424
EXPENSES							
Administrative		1,656,806				1,656,806	
Water plant		1,669,461				1,669,461	
Water distribution		402,190				402,190	
Wastewater distribution		836,343				836,343	
Wastewater plant		1,735,598				1,735,598	
Administrative fees							248,018
Stop loss insurance							144,202
Claims		-					2,284,641
Lakewood golf course	_		-	941,596	-	941,596	
TOTAL EXPENSES	_	6,300,398	-	941,596		7,241,994	2,676,861
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		3,373,493		(362,007)		3,011,486	(272,437)
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)							
Investment income		110,272		255		110,527	1,726
Depreciation and amortization		(2,093,256)		(82,886)		(2,176,142)	
Interest expense		(1,502,955)				(1,502,955)	
Contributed assets	_	1,515,371		55,600		1,570,971	
TOTAL NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	_	(1,970,568)		(27,031)		(1,997,599)	1,726
NET INCOME (LOSS)	_	1,402,925	-	(389,038)		1,013,887	(270,711)
NET ASSETS OCTOBER 1	_	42,162,354		793,119		42,955,473	(244,207)
NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30	\$ _	43,565,279	\$	404,081	\$	43,969,360	\$ (514,918)

		Ви		ess-Type Activ			,	Governmental
		Public Utilities		Non-Major Enterprise Funds	_	Total	lı	Activities nternal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees	\$	9,256,451 (3,944,478) (2,350,093)	\$	562,998 (140,295) (383,870)	\$	9,819,449 (4,084,773) (2,733,963)	\$	2,609,424 (2,676,861)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING INCOME	_	2,961,880	-	38,833		3,000,713	_	(67,437)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest and fees paid on capital debt	-	(1,212,015) (1,200,000) (1,481,150)		(28,589) - 	_	(1,240,604) (1,200,000) (1,481,150)	_	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	(3,893,165)		(28,589)	-	(3,921,754)	_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received		92,641	,	255	-	92,896	_	1,726
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	92,641		255	-	92,896	-	1,726
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		(838,644)		10,499		(828,145)		(65,711)
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING		2,814,729		5,176		2,819,905	_	70,393
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS ENDING	\$	1,976,085	\$	15,675	\$	1,991,760	\$ =	4,682
RECONCILIATION Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments:	\$	3,373,493	\$	(362,007)	\$	3,011,486	\$	(272,437)
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) Decrease in other current assets Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable Increase (Decrease) in comp absences Increase (Decrease) in customer deposits Increase (Decrease) in due to other funds Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities		(411,266) (32,443) (114,153) 329 (5,900) 161,994 (10,174)		(591) (9,687) (3,610) 430,162 (15,434)		(411,857) (32,443) (123,840) (3,281) (5,900) 592,156 (25,608)	-	205,000
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,961,880	\$	38,833	\$	3,000,713	\$	(67,437)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash during the year for interest	\$	1,233,607						
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital assets contributed from other sources	\$	1,570,971						

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

NOTE A- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Phenix City, Alabama (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

1. Reporting Entity

Phenix City is a political subdivision of the State of Alabama created by virtue of a Constitutional Amendment. The financial reporting entity has been determined by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles to be the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all component units. The criteria used to determine financial accountability are the ability of the primary government to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body, and effectively impose its will on the organization. Also, if there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government, financial accountability would exist. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the government's reporting entity.

Included with the reporting entity as Discretely Presented Component Units:

Phenix City Board of Education - The Board is a legally separate agency of the State of Alabama. The Board is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to public school education in the City of Phenix City, Alabama.

The Board is considered a component unit of the City due to the following reasons:

- (1) The City Appoints the members of the governing body.
- (2) The City issued bonds for the construction of facilities for the Board and the City is obligated for the debt.

The Phenix City Board of Education has issued separately audited component unit financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2008. Copies of the component unit financial statements may be obtained from the Phenix City Board of Education offices in Phenix City, Alabama.

Phenix City-Russell County Library Authority - The Authority operates the Library for the City.

The Authority is considered a component unit for the following reasons:

- (1) The City appoints the members of the governing body.
- (2) The City provides the major source of revenue for the Authority.

The Phenix City-Russell County Library Authority has issued separately audited component unit financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2008. Copies of the component unit financial statements may be obtained from the Phenix City-Russell County Library in Phenix City, Alabama.

Related Organizations - The City officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations; however, management of the City does not consider its accountability to extend beyond making these appointments. The related organizations are:

East Alabama Mental Health
Mental Retardation Board
Public Building Authority
Downtown Redevelopment Authority
Housing Authority Board
Medical Clinic Board
Animal Control Advisory Board
Electrical Examining Board
Special Committee on Disability
Housing Board of Adjustments & Appeals
Phenix City Planning Commission
Personnel Review Board
Housing Code Abatement Board

Equalization Board
The Special Care Facilities Authority
of Phenix City, Alabama
Tree Commission
Industrial Development Board
War Casualties Memorial Association
Building Contractors Examination/Appeals Board
Historic Preservation Commission
Parks & Recreation Advisory Board
Zoning Adjustments & Appeals Board
Plumbing Examining Board

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 34. This Statement establishes financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States. Its implementation creates new information and restructures much of the information that governments have presented in the past. The GASB's intent is to make annual reports more comprehensive and easier to understand and use.

GASB 34 took effect for entities the size of the City during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003. One of the changes required by GASB 34 is the presentation of current and accumulated depreciation by activity. Another important change is the requirement to present the original adopted budget as well as the final adopted budget in the budgetary comparison statements. An analysis of the significant variations between the original and final budgets appears in the Management's Discussion and Analysis preceding the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. An exception to this general rule is the debt service payment of principal and interest, which is recognized when due.

Sales taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current fiscal year, and, therefore, have been recognized as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the principal fund of the City and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the City not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreements to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Capital Improvement Fund - is used to account for projects funded through bond proceeds.

7 Mill Fund - is used to accumulate resources for the payment of general long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Public Utilities Fund - to account for the costs of providing water and sewer service to the community.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

Enterprise funds account for activities that are usually self-sustaining, principally through user charges for services rendered.

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has one internal service fund.

The Employee Healthcare Insurance Fund is used to account for the self funded employee health care program.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued but are not considered expenditures until liabilities for payments are incurred. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet. Encumbrances do not lapse at the close of the fiscal year, but are carried forward as reserved fund balance until liquidated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers all cash on hand and in banks, including certificates of deposit with maturities of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>

Government fund investments are recorded at cost which approximates fair value.

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories consist of materials, supplies and food commodities and are valued at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of inventories is expensed when consumed.

Prepaid Assets

Prepaid expense is recorded as a current asset and expensed over the life of the asset on a straight line basis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as follows:

Buildings with a cost of \$1,000 or more Equipment with a useful life in excess of one year

Certain capital assets do not depreciate. This includes land, land improvements, and construction in process.

The City has also identified infrastructure assets as streets, drainage, sidewalks and curbing.

All assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
2	
Drainage	40
Streets	40
Curbing	40
Sewer lines	50
Water lines	50
Buses and heavy trucks	10
Tractors and heavy equipment	10
Furniture	10
Office equipment	10
Custodial equipment	10
Kitchen equipment	10
Athletic equipment	10
Cars and light trucks	5
Computer equipment	5

Compensated Absences

The City permits full time employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave. The City does not have a policy to pay any amount for accumulated sick leave upon termination of service. All vacation benefits are accrued when incurred in the government wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Budgets

The City's annual budgets for all governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental fund types. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department. The department level constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. The City Manager, with the approval of Council, has the authority to make changes within the approved budget provided that a deficit is not incurred by such changes.

The original budget is adopted by the City on the 3rd Tuesday of September of each year. The City Council approved budget amendments during the year.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial credit risk - deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, passbook and other bank deposits. Deposits with Alabama financial institutions that are in excess of FDIC insurance are secured under the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Act (SAFE Program). Alabama public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasury. At year end, the carrying amount of deposits was \$6,762,987 and the bank balance was \$7,232,179. Of the bank balance (1) \$325,789 was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name. (2) No funds were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent in the City's name. (3) \$6,471,207 was covered by the SAFE program, and \$34,009 are being held subject to a Trust agreement, and invested in U.S. Treasury Money Market Funds which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions or by their trust departments or agents but not in the City's name. Cash is reported as \$5,393,840 unrestricted cash, and \$1,371,745 restricted cash.

NOTE D - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Receivable balances have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Only receivable with allowances for uncollectible accounts as of September 30, 2008, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are presented below.

 Gross receivable
 \$2,891,707

 Less: allowance for uncollectible
 924,490

 \$1,967,217

NOTE E - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The composition of interfund receivables and payables as of September 30, 2008 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

<u>Due To</u>	Due From		Amount
Public Utilities General General Public Utilities General General Corrections	General Fund Enterprise Fund - Public Utilities Enterprise Fund - Lakewood Golf Course Seven Mill Tax LLEBG Fund Internal Service General	\$	186,309 590,009 992,774 941,155 5,117 305,000
Total		<u>\$3</u>	,020,415

All amounts are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE F - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of capital asset activity during the year ended September 30, 2008.

Primary Government

Governmental Activities	Balance <u>9/30/07</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/08
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$14,707,902	\$ 4,351,564	\$2,965,000	\$16,094,466
Construction in progress		2,065,689		2,065,689
	14,707,902	6,417,253	2,965,000	18,160,155
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	40,880,361	1,984,333		42,864,694
Machinery & equipment	11,226,631	1,165,859		12,392,490
Buildings, plant, and improvements	19,463,678	412,619		19,876,297
Total assets being depreciated	71,570,670	3,562,811		75,133,481
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(32,296,714)	196,946		(32,493,660)
Machinery & Equipment	(6,453,387)	1,192,766		(7,646,153)
Buildings, plant & Improvements	(11,622,783)	682,943		(12,305,726)
Total accumulated depreciation	(50,372,884)	2,072,655		(52,445,539)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	21,197,786	1,490,156		22,687,942
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$35,905,688	\$ 7,907,409	\$2,965,000	\$40,848,097

Depreciation has been allocated to the following:

General Government	\$ 145,086
Public Safety	393,804
Public Works	870,515
Parks and Recreation	<u>663,250</u>
	<u>\$2,072,655</u>
cimary Covernment	

Primary Government

Business Type Activities	Balance <u>9/30/07</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/08
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 318,044	\$	\$	\$ 318,044
Construction in progress	11,020,047 11,338,091	463,261 463,261	11,020,047 11,020,047	463,261 781,305
Capital assets being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	4,525,461	171,768		4,697,229
Physical plant and equipment	33,487,429	5,258,550		38,745,979
Services and laterals	1,825,383	88,500		1,913,883
Distribution system	37,588,643	7,758,675		45,347,318
Buildings, plant and improvements	3,006,305	90,869		3,097,174
Total capital assets being depreciated	80,433,221	13,368,362		93,801,583
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and Equipment	(3,217,357)	272,103		(3,489,460)
Physical plant and equipment	(11,335,764)	784,994		{12,120,758}
Services and laterals	(786,138)	33,404		(819,542)
Distribution system	(10,117,038)	847,198		(10,964,236)
Buildings, plant and improvements	(1,175,884)	115,858		(1,291,742)
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,632,181)	2,053,557		(28,685,738)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	21,197,786	11,314,805		65,115,845
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$35,905,688	<u>\$11,778,066</u>	\$11,020,047	\$65,897,150

The City has included all infrastructure assets in the year of the adoption of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34.

NOTE G - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2008 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
General Fund	\$ 136,777	\$ 1,900,000
Four Cent Gas Tax		275,000
Seven Cent Gas Tax		55,000
Five Cent Gas Tax	25,000	- -
Corrections Fund	- =	136,777
7 Mill Fund	2,205,000	
Capital Improvement	1,390,242	 -
Phenix Industrial Park		1,390,242
	\$ 3,757,019	\$ 3,757,019

The transfers are primarily to fund debt service and apply special revenues to specific activities.

NOTE H - PAYABLES FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS (Enterprise Funds):

Payables from restricted assets at September 30, 2008 are composed of the following:

Accrued interest payable	\$	31,760
Current portion of revenue warrants, net	_1	<u>,255,000</u>
	\$1	,286,760

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at September 30, 2008 was comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds

\$6,067,348 2001 General Obligation Refunding Warrants; due in annual installments of \$215,000 to \$605,000 through February 1, 2017; interest at 3.4% to 4.4%	\$ 4,367,347
\$7,202,000 2008 General Obligation Warrants; due in annual installments of \$180,000 to \$430,000 through February 1, 2029; interest at 1.5% to 5.0%	5,930,000
\$2,000,000 2004-C Taxable Parking Facilities Warrants; due in annual installments of \$400,000 through July 1, 2009; interest at Prime rate less 1.25%	400,000
\$10,600,000 2008-A General Obligation Warrants; due in annual installments of \$300,000 to \$895,000 through December 1, 2017; interest at 2.65% to 5.0%	8,100,000

\$6,340,000 2005-B General Obligation Warrants; due in annual installments of \$210,000 to \$460,000 through December 1, 2026; interest at 3.2% to 5.0%

5,910,000

\$3,775,000 2007-A General Obligation Warrants; due in annual installments of \$120,000 to \$280,000 through January 1, 2018; interest at 3.6% to 5.0%

3,655,000

\$28,362,347

Public Utilities Fund

Revenue Warrants

\$1,515,000 Series 2003 General Obligation Sewer Warrant Authority Loan Warrants; due in annual installments of \$65,000 to \$110,000 through August 15, 2013; nominal interest rate of 2.98%.

\$ 505,000

\$3,520,000 2003 Taxable Water and Sewer Revenue Warrants; due in annual installments of \$140,000 to \$535,000 through August 15, 2011, interest at 1.65% to 5.15%.

1,190,000

\$6,905,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Warrants, Series 2004; due in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$545,000 through August 15, 2029, interest at 1.40% to 5.0%.

6,570,000

\$14,470,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Warrants, Series 2004B; due in annual installments of \$320,000 to \$990,000 through August 15, 2029 with a variable interest rate with a conversion optional to a fixed rate. Rate used to calculate interest requirements was 5.15%. Pursuant to a swap agreement the City obtained a fixed rate of 4.32%.

13,160,000

\$5,185,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Warrants, Series 2006-A due in annual installments of \$180,000 to \$370,000 through August 15, 2026, interest at 3.375% to 4.375%.

4,820,000

\$26,245,000

Revenue warrants are presented in the financial statements net of the unamortized balance of deferred loss on defeasance in the amount of \$672,290 and unamortized discounts of \$377,642.

Interest Rate Swap Agreement

The City entered into a pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swap agreement on the Series 2004-B Water and Sewer Revenue Warrants \$13,505,000 as a cash flow hedge. The fixed rate is 4.32%. At September 30, 2009, the value of the agreement was \$-907,263 up from \$-555,712 in 2007. The balance sheet reflects a deferred cash outflow and a long-term liability in Business Type Activities. The amount of interest paid for 2008 under this agreement was \$581,553.

The annual requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2008 including interest payments as follows:

Year Ending	General	Obligation	
September 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 1,136,001	\$ 3,436,001
2010	1,965,000	1,054,976	3,019,976
2011	2,040,000	985,654	3,025,654
2012	2,115,000	905,423	3,020,423
2013	2,210,000	813,447	3,023,447
2014-2018	9,742,347	4,092,832	13,835,179
2019-2023	• •		
	3,975,000	1,415,911	5,390,911
2024-2028	2,610,000	547,513	3,157,513
2029-2031	1,405,000	70,250	1,475,250
Total	<u>\$28,362,347</u>	<u>\$11,022,007</u>	\$39,384,354
	Water and Sewe	r Revenue Warrants	
Year Ending			
September 30	<u> Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 1,255,000	\$1,143,631	\$2,398,631
2010	1,300,000	1,092,664	2,392,664
2011	935,000	1,037,491	1,972,491
2012	835,000	999,515	1,834,515
2013	880,000	966,645	1,846,645
2014-2018	5,135,000	4,258,857	9,393,857
2019-2023	6,680,000	2,999,331	9,679,331
2024-2028	7,690,000	1,360,475	9,050,475
			•
2029-2031	1,535,000	64,672	1,599,672
Total	<u>\$26,245,000</u>	<u>\$13,923,281</u>	<u>\$40,168,281</u>
	Total Lo	ng-Term Debt	
Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$ 3,555,000	\$ 2,279,632	\$ 5,834,632
2010	3,265,000	2,147,640	5,412,640
2011	2,975,000	2,023,145	4,998,145
2012	2,950,000	1,904,938	4,854,938
2013	3,090,000	1,780,092	4,870,092
2014-2018	14,877,347	8,351,689	23,229,036
2019-2023	10,655,000	4,415,242	15,070,242
2024-2028	10,300,000	1,907,988	12,207,988
2029-2031	2,940,000	134,922	3,074,922
Total	\$54,607,347	\$24,945,288	<u>\$79,552,635</u>

Total amortization expense related to bond discount, bond costs, and deferred loss on bonds for the year ended September 30, 2008 was \$122,586.

Bond Covenants

The various bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service, maintenance of and cash flow of monies through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in sinking funds and minimum revenue bond coverage. The City is substantially in compliance with all significant restrictions.

Lease Purchase

The City has entered into a lease purchase agreement to acquire an Aerial Ladder Fire Truck. Interest is calculated at 4.6% per annum with annual payments of \$62,566.

The value of the Aerial Ladder leased was \$273,901.

Minimum Lease Payments:

2009	\$ 62,566
2010	62,566
Total minimum lease payments	\$125,132
Less amount representing interest	8,133
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$116,999

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the City of Phenix City, Alabama for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Payments/ Retirements	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Warrants	\$30,597,347	\$	\$2,235,000	\$28,362,347	\$2,300,000
Water & Sewer Warrants	27,445,000		1,200,000	26,245,000	1,255,000
Compensated Absences	628,562	675,880	628,562	675,880	506,910
Claims Payable		330,000		330,000	
Fair Value of Swap Agreement	551,712	355,551		907,263	
Lease Purchase	171,669		54,670	116,999	57,184
	\$59,394,290	\$ 1,361,431	\$4,118,232	\$56,637,489	\$4,119,094

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, an agent multipleemployer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the various state agencies and departments.

Substantially all employees are members of the Employee's Retirement System of Alabama. Membership is mandatory for covered or eligible employees of the City. Benefits vest after 10 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 or after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits are calculated by two methods with the retiree receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. The methods are (1) Minimum Guaranteed, and (2) Formula, of which the Formula method usually produces the highest monthly benefit. Under this method, retirees are allowed 2.0125% of their average final salary (best three of the last ten years) for each year of service. Disability retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner. Pre-retirement death benefits in the amount of the annual salary for the fiscal year preceding death are provided to plan members.

The Employees' Retirement System was established as of October 1, 1945, under the provisions of Act 515, Acts of Alabama 1945, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for State employees, State police, and on an elective basis to all cities, counties, towns and quasi-public organizations. The responsibility for general administration and operation of the Employees' Retirement System is vested in the Board of Control. Benefit provisions are established by the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 36-27-1 through 36-27-103, as amended, sections 36-27-120 through 36-27-139, as amended, and Sections 36-27B-1 through 36-27B-6. Authority to amend the plan rests with the Legislature of Alabama. However, the Legislature has granted the Commission authority to accept or reject various Cost-Of-Living-Adjustments (COLAs) granted to retirees.

The Retirement Systems of Alabama issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama. That report may be obtained by writing to the Retirement Systems of Alabama, 135 South Union Street, Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2150.

Funding Policy

Employees are required by statute to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the Employees' Retirement System. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the actuarially determined contributions to ensure sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The contribution requirement of the City is established by the Employees' Retirement System based on annual actuarial valuations. The contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2008 was 8.3 percent of eligible payroll.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended September 30, 2008, the City's annual pension contribution of \$1,256,480 was equal to the required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined as part of the September 30, 2005 actuarial valuation using the "entry age normal" method. The actuarial assumptions included (1) 8 percent investment rate of return on present and future assets, and (2) projected salary increases ranging from 7.75 percent at age 20 to 4.61 percent at age 65. Both (1) and (2) include an inflation component of 4.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using market values. The City has no unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

This information was provided by the Retirement Systems of Alabama.

Three Year Trend Information is as follows:

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Annual	Percentage	Net
Fiscal Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
9/30/07	\$1,033,730	100%	\$ -0-
9/30/06	\$ 974,492	100%	\$ -0-
9/30/05	\$ 874,995	100%	\$ -0-
9/30/04	\$ 721,920	100%	\$ -0-
9/30/03	\$ 652,630	100%	\$ -0-

Schedule of Funding Progress:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
9/30/07	\$30,700,386	\$39,588,019	\$ 8,887,633	77.5%	\$12,751,009	69.7%
9/30/06	\$28,950,489	\$37,434,976	\$ 8,484,487	77.3%	\$12,188,222	69,6%
9/30/05	\$27,740,298	\$34,280,385	\$ 6,540,087	80.9%	\$12,237,464	53,4%
9/30/04	\$26,403,031	\$30,983,870	\$ 4,580,839	85.2%	\$11,164,995	41.0%
9/30/03	\$25,489,635	\$29,661,659	\$ 4,172,024	85.9%	\$10,579,945	39.4%

NOTE K - CONTINGENCIES

Grant Audit

The City participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivables at September 30, 2008 may be impaired. In the opinion of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Litigation

The City is involved in other judicial and administrative proceedings incidental to its operations and jurisdiction which have not been finally adjudicated. Estimating the results of any litigation contains elements of uncertainty. If the ultimate resolution of these cases results in additional expense to the City, such expense will be charged to operations when determined.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS

Phenix City Board of Education Warrants

The City has issued warrants with a currently outstanding balance of \$35,812,074 for the Phenix City Board of Education which are not recorded on the City's financial statements. Contemporaneous with the issuance of the warrants, the City and the Board entered into funding agreements whereby the Board agreed to pay from certain sales and ad valorem taxes amounts sufficient to pay the principal and interest on these warrants. The total amount of principal and interest required to retire these warrants, as scheduled, is \$61,021,705.

The amounts paid under the funding agreements have been adequate to meet all required principal and interest payments. Should future payments not be adequate to pay maturing principal and interest installments, the City will make such payments from its general fund. The potential amounts due from the City are not determinable and no provision has been made in these financial statements.

NOTE M - SUBLEASE AGREEMENT

Effective June 1, 1992, the City entered into an agreement whereby it would sublease an addition to be constructed to the existing Russell County jail from Russell County, Alabama (the County). The County is currently leasing the jail from the Russell County Public Building Authority (the Building Authority). The Building Authority constructed the jail addition through the issuance of \$3,080,000 of Revenue Warrants (Series 1992) and leased the facility to the County upon completion.

The terms of the City's sublease provide for the City to pay the County, in the form of rents, an amount necessary to pay the principal and interest on the Series 1992 Revenue Warrants issued by the Authority. Semiannual rent payments are due by the City on July 1 and January 1 each year. Total payments of \$277,115 were made for the year ended September 30, 2008.

The City also pays a pro rata share of operating expenses, based on the percentage of the City's prisoner population to the total prisoner population. Expenses paid during the year ended September 30, 2008 were \$394,950.

The City has the option to acquire a one-third interest in the entire jail facility upon the payment of all rents necessary to pay all interest and principal on the Series 1992 Revenue Warrants, and the additional sum of \$34.

The City's lease expires annually on September 30 of each year, but is automatically renewed for an additional year, unless the City submits in writing its decision not to renew the lease at least twelve months in advance of the then current expiration date.

NOTE N - EAST ALABAMA REGIONAL SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL AUTHORITY

The City is a member of the East Alabama Solid Waste Disposal Authority (the Authority). The Authority was formed in 1991 by twelve East Alabama municipalities and counties for the collection and disposal of garbage. The members contribute to the cost of operating the Authority based on a formula utilizing population. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, the City's share of such operating costs was \$8,100. The City has recorded the payment of these costs as an expenditure in the General Fund.

NOTE O - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As of February 1993, the City no longer retains vehicle liability insurance in either the General Fund or Enterprise Fund. The City has established a reserve of \$439,588 in the General Fund as self-insurance against future claims, settlements and judgments. Claims expenditures and liabilities are not reported until it is determined that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss has been reasonably estimated. Claims amounted to \$29,548 for the current year.

The City pays for unemployment compensation insurance and workman's compensation insurance for all eligible City employees. Payments of claims for unemployment and workman's compensation are paid by the respective insurers.

The City has a risk management program whereby a death benefit of \$10,000 is paid to the named beneficiary of eligible employees. Eligible employees consist of all full-time employees employed when the program was initiated. Full time employees hired subsequently must be employed one year before becoming eligible to participate. Fund balance has been reserved in a like amount.

Employee Health Insurance Fund

The City established a Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) as of September 1, 2008 in which losses associated with employee health claims are accounted for and financed. A commercial health insurance company administers the health claims. Under this program, the employee health care insurance fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$50,000 for each worker's health claim. The City purchases coverage for amounts from \$50,000 to \$1,000,000 per worker, per year, from an insurance company. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the first month.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to this Fund based on estimates provided through analysis of historical cost information of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophe losses. The claims liability of \$214,600 reported in the Fund at September 30, 2008 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Health insurance is provided for retired employees under the City's health insurance plan. The retired employee is required to contribute to the Plan coverage for health benefits. The City contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the current year, the City expended \$94,175 for retiree health insurance.

NOTE P - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers to employees a deferred compensation plan. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The City does not make any contribution to the plan. The deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, or unforeseeable emergency. Deferred compensation is available to employees' beneficiaries in case of death. The plan is administered by Retirement Systems of Alabama.

NOTE Q - OPERATING LEASES

The City is committed under various cancelable leases for machinery and equipment. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the current year were \$107,018.

NOTE R - DEFICIT BALANCES

The Seven Mill Fund/Debt Service Fund has a deficit balance as of September 30, 2008 of \$880,394. The deficit is attributed to tax revenues less than required debt payments. The General Fund and Five Cent Gas Tax will provide funding to eliminate the deficit in future years.

NOTE S - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - FUND BALANCE

During the current year, it was determined that an accounts receivable from the State of Alabama for a multiple year project had been misstated. The effect was to reduce beginning fund balance \$388,992.

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

NOTE T - RESTATEMENT

The City entered into an interest rate swap agreement which was not previously reported. The financial statements have been restated to record the fair value of this agreement in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 53.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - PHENIX CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION

NOTE A- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Phenix City Board of Education (the Board), a component unit of the City of Phenix City, Alabama have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

1. Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting

Statement No. 14 (GASB 14) of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for agencies that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for a legally separate agency if its officials appoint a voting majority of that agency's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that agency or there is a potential for the agency to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. There are no component units which should be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the Board.

The Board is a legally separate agency of the State of Alabama. However, for financial reporting the Board is considered a component unit of the City of Phenix City, Alabama (the City) due to the following reasons:

- The City appoints the members of the governing body.
- The City issued bonds for the construction of facilities for the Board and the City is obligated for the debt.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 34. This Statement established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments throughout the United States. Its implementation created new information and restructured much of the information that governments have presented in the past. The GASB's intent is to make annual reports more comprehensive and easier to understand and use.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Board. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. An exception to this general rule is the debt service payment of principal and interest, which is recognized when due.

Sales taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current fiscal year, and, therefore, have been recognized as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Board.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The Special Revenue Fund consists of the following:

- * IASA Title I, Part A
- * IASA Title II, Professional Development
- * IASA Title IV, Safe & Drug Free Schools
- * IASA Title VI, Innovative Education
- * IDEA, Part B Basic Program
- * IDEA, Part B Preschool
- * IDEA, Part B, Language Grant
- * Head Start
- * School to Work Opportunities Program
- * Goals 2000
- * Learn and Serve America
- * Vocational Rehab
- * School to Career

Program

* Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration

- * Vocational Education Tech Prep
- * Job Training Partnership Act Programs
- * Adult Basic Education
- * Vocational Education Basic Grant
- * Vocational Education Sex Bias Elimination
- * Vocational Education Single Parents
- * USDA Reimbursement
- * Dependent Care
- * Technology Literacy Challenge
- * Career Academy
- * E-Rate
- * IASA Class Size Reduction
- * Technology Innovation Challenge

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used in the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities.

In addition, the Board also reports the following funds:

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related expenses.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present the results of operations nor have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the Board holds for others as an agent.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued but are not considered expenditures until liabilities for payments are incurred. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet. Encumbrances do not lapse at the close of the fiscal year, but are carried forward as reserved fund balance until liquidated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board considers all cash on hand and in banks, including certificates of deposit with maturities of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

Government fund investments are recorded at cost which approximates fair value. Investments held in agency funds are valued at market value, based on quoted market prices.

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories consist of materials, supplies, and food commodities and are valued at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of inventories is expensed when consumed.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Interfund Activity

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund receivables and payables in the Statement of Net Assets.

Prepaid Assets

Prepaid expense is recorded as a current asset and amortized over the life of the asset on a straight line basis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Board as follows:

Buildings with a cost of \$50,000 or more. Equipment with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and useful life in excess of one year.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Certain capital assets do not depreciate. This includes land, and construction in process. These capital assets are placed on the books at historical cost or at fair value as of the date of donation.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Board are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Buses and heavy trucks	10
Furniture	20
Office equipment	10
Custodial equipment	15
Kitchen equipment	15
Athletic equipment	10
Cars and light trucks	8
Computer equipment	5

Compensated Absences

The Board grants vacation or annual leave with pay to persons employed on a twelve month basis. According to Board policies, all full time (twelve months) employees are permitted to accumulate earned annual/personal leave at the rate of one (1) day for each month of employment for a maximum of twelve(12) days, two (2) days of which may be used as personal leave and ten days vacation time. Two days personal leave per year is also earned by all employees working four hours or more per day.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Because unused vacation leave and personal leave cannot be carried over beyond the employee's contract, no liability for unpaid leave is accrued in the financial statements.

Professional and support employees earn non-vesting sick leave at the rate of one day per month worked. Employees may accumulate a maximum of 225 days of sick leave. Employees may use up to 225 days or their accrued sick leave as membership service in determining the total years of creditable service in the teacher's retirement system, with no additional cost to the Board. Because employees do not receive compensation for unused sick leave at termination, no liability is recorded in the financial statements.

Use of Restricted Assets

It is the Board's policy to first apply unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriated for expenditure or are legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Inter-fund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

NOTE B - LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Budgets

On or before October 1 of each year, the Board is required to approve and submit to the State Superintendent of Education the annual budget. No budget for operation of the school system for any fiscal year can be approved which shows expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand. The Board's annual budgets for all governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental fund types. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by program at the functional level. The functional level constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. The Superintendent, with the approval of the Board, has the authority to make changes within the approved budget provided that a deficit is not incurred by such changes.

The original budget was adopted by the Board on August 23, 2007. The Board approved two budget amendments on March 27, 2008 and June 26, 2008.

The following summarizes the changes that were made in the amendment:

Revenues:	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
State sources	\$ 303,130	\$	\$ 100,000
Federal Sources	\$ 202,120	395,146	\$ 100,000
Local sources	364,663	(54,946)	
Other	304,003	(54,546)	- <i>-</i>
Total revenues	667,793	340,200	100,000
Expenditures:			
Instructional services	606,253	54,799	
Instructional support services	380,281	219,355	- -
Operation and maintenance	656,437		
Auxiliary services	206,068	63,886	- -
General administrative services	58,447	(22,178)	
Capital outlay	-	- -	(1,132,134)
Other expenditures	35,930	<u>(7,902</u>)	
Total expenditures	1,943,416	307,960	(1,132,134)
Other sources of funds	(19,239)	81,514	
Other uses of funds	405,000	(6,514)	(480,000)
Total other sources (uses)	385,761	75,000	\$ (480,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ (889,862</u>)	\$ 107,240	<u>\$ 752,134</u>

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Board's policy with regard to custodial credit risk is to only have deposits with financial institutions participating in the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Act (SAFE Program).

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in certificates of deposit, passbook, and other bank deposits. Deposits with Alabama financial institutions that are in excess of FDIC insurance are secured under the SAFE Program. Alabama public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasury. At year end, the carrying amount of cash was \$1,720,395 and investments of certificates of deposits classified of deposits was \$7,278,617. The amount of deposits at the bank was \$13,129,352. Of the bank balance (1) \$401,269 was insured or collateralized with securities held by the Board or by its agent in the Board's name. (2) No funds were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust departments or agents in the Board's name. (3) \$12,728,083 was covered by the SAFE program which is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions or by their trust departments or agents but not in the Board's name.

Investments

The Board has the following investments categorized as either (1) insured or registered or securities held by the Board or its agent in the Board's name (2) uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the Board's name or (3) uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Board's name.

Amount Reported	(1)	_(2)	_(3)_	Market <u>Value</u>
Mutual funds	<u>\$53,622</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s</u>	\$53,622

NOTE D - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2008 consist of the following:

	<u>General</u>	Special Revenue	Totals (Memo Only)
Accounts receivable:			
Miscellaneous	\$106,788	\$ 2,117	\$108,905
USDA Reimbursement		277,278	277,278
Title I, Part A		76,010	76,010
Vocational Rehabilitation		3,923	3,923

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Improve Teacher Quality		2,294	2,294
Learn and Serve America		1,821	1,821
Head Start		1,527	1,527
	<u>\$106,788</u>	<u>\$364,970</u>	\$471,758

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided. Management has evaluated the accounts and believes they are fully collectible based on prior history and parties involved.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Balance 9/30/07	Increases	Decreases	Balance <u>9/30/08</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 635,026	\$	\$	\$ 635,026
Construction in Progress	3,317,361	7,030,614	3,317,361	7,030,614
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building and improvements	50,643,612	6,407,237	210,043	56,840,806
Equipment	5,150,688	489,925	144,407	5,496,206
Total capital assets being depreciated	55,794,300	6,897,162	354,450	62,337,012
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	(11,099,180)	(1,142,145)	-	(12,241,325)
Equipment	{3,064,370}	(379,657)	137,078	(3,306,949)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,163,550)	(1,521,802)	137,078	<u>(15,548,274</u>)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	41,630,750	5,375,360	217,372	46,788,738
Total capital assets, net	\$ 45,583,137	\$12,405,974	\$3,534,733	\$ 54,454,378

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

NOTE F - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. The Board has insurance for its buildings and contents through the State Insurance Fund (SIF), Alabama Department of Finance, Division of Risk Management, a public entity risk pool, which operates as a common risk management and insurance program for state-owned properties and boards of education. The Board pays an annual premium based on the amount of coverage. General liability and errors and omission coverage is maintained with the Alabama Risk Management for Schools (ARMS), a public entity risk pool. Coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 per period aggregate is provided. The Board purchases commercial insurance for fidelity bonds and automobile liability.

Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employee's Health Insurance Program (PEEHIP), a public entity risk pool, administered by the Public Education Employee's Health Insurance Board. The fund was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining. Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are set annually by the Alabama Legislature based on the amounts necessary to fund coverage. The Board contributes the specified amount monthly to the PEEHIP for each employee.

The State Board of Adjustments is a state agency with which people can file claims against the Board to collect reimbursement for damages when all other means have been exhausted. The Board does not have insurance coverage for job-related injuries. Claims for employee job-related injuries may be filed with the State Board of Adjustment. The Board of Adjustment determines if a claim is valid and determines the proper amount of compensation. Payments are made from state appropriated funds at no cost to the Board.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in Long-Term Debt for the year ended September 30, 2008:

	Balance 10/01/07	Additions	Payments	Balance 09/30/08	Due Within One Year
2006 Series Warrants	\$12,335,000	\$	\$ 355,000	\$11,980,000	\$ 365,000
2008B Series Warrants	23,300,000		225,000	23,075,000	235,000
2000 Installment Purchase Agreements	102,493		102,493		
2003 Installment Purchase Agreements	393,898		59,409	334,489	61,776
2006 Installment Purchase Agreements	464,186		41,601	422,585	43,801
Total	\$36,595,577	<u>\$</u>	\$ 783,503	\$35,812,074	<u>\$ 705,577</u>

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Details of Long-Term Debt are as follows:

City of Phenix City General Obligation School Warrants, Series 2008B: On May 3, 2008, the City issued \$23,925,000 in General Obligation School Warrants with an average interest rate of 4.35 percent to advance refund (a) \$4,920,000 of outstanding 2000 Series warrants with an average interest rate of 5.1 percent (b) \$4,000,000 of outstanding 2006A Series warrants with an average interest rate of _4.33 percent and to provide funds for the construction of school facilities. Proceeds of \$9,067,905 were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2002 Series and 2006A Series warrants. As a result the 2002 Series and a portion of 2006A Series warrants are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Board of Education's schedule of debt. After payment of underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs of \$368,881, the remaining proceeds of \$15,015,992 were deposited in the capital projects fund.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$147,906. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the new debt.

The Board has agreed to pay the principal and interest of the warrants out of certain sales and ad valorem taxes paid to the Board. These warrants are due in annual installments of \$225,000 to \$2,465,000 through August 1, 2032. Interest is at 3.5% to 5.00%.

City of Phenix City General Obligation Refunding School Warrants, Series 2006: During 2006, the City issued \$16,675,000 of warrants which were used to refund the series 1997B Warrants and 2000 series warrants. In the current year \$4,000,000 of this issue was in substance defeased by the 2008B warrants. The Board has agreed to pay the principal and interest out of certain sales and ad valorem taxes paid to the Board. These warrants are due in annual installments of \$355,000 to \$1,455,000 through August 1, 2021. Interest is at 3.45% to 5.0%.

2000 Installment Purchase Agreement: During the year 2000, the Board entered into an installment purchase agreement for 14 school buses over 7 years with annual payments at \$109,054 beginning October 4, 2001 through October 4, 2008. The cash value of the school buses was \$651,077. The effective interest rate is 6.4%.

2003 Installment Purchase Agreement: During the year 2003, the Board entered into an installment purchase agreement for 11 school buses over 10 years with annual payments at \$75,102 beginning October 15, 2003 through October 15, 2012. The cash value of the school buses was \$626,085. The effective interest rate is 3.98%.

2006 Installment Purchase Agreement: During the current year, the Board entered into an installment purchase agreement for 6 school buses over 10 years with annual payments at \$66,146 beginning December 18, 2006 through December 18, 2015. The cash value of the school buses was \$530,332. The effective interest rate is 5.29%.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding at September 30, 2008 are as follows:

Year Ending	.		m
September 30	Principal	_ Interest_	Totals
2009	\$ 705,577	\$ 1,659,699	\$ 2,365,276
2010	735,354	1,632,359	2,367,713
2011	765,351	1,604,262	2,369,613
2012	820,580	1,575,831	2,396,411
2013	846,050	1,544,985	2,391,035
2014-2018	6,014,165	7,043,368	13,057,533
2019-2023	7,315,000	5,555,125	12,870,125
2024-2028	9,365,000	3,531,103	12,896,103
2029-2033	9,245,000	1,062,900	10,307,900
Total	\$35,812,077	\$25,209,632	\$61,021,709

NOTE H - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund receivables and payables as of September 30, 2008 is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund Payables			
General Fund Special Revenue Fund Debt Service Fund	\$406,678 <u>67</u>	\$ 67 406,678 —			
Total	\$406,745	\$406,745			

The balances result from the time lag between dates that reimburseable expenses occur and payments between funds are made.

NOTE I - OPERATING LEASES

The Board entered into a cancelable lease agreement during the current year for computer equipment. The lease expense for the year was \$194,050.

NOTE J - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grant Audit

The Board participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audits and adjustment by grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Board has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refund of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivables at September 30, 2008 may be impaired. In the opinion of the Board, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Litigation

The Board does not currently have any litigation cases active or pending. The Board is involved in ongoing administrative proceedings incidental to its operations whose outcome is not determinable.

NOTE K - COMMITMENTS - CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

The Board is under obligation for construction contracts in the amount of \$5,348,270 as of September 30, 2008. The contracts are for school expansion and improvements.

NOTE L - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Board offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and 403B. The Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan RSA-1 is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama. The plan, available to all Board employees participating in the Teacher's Retirement System, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional.

The section 403B plans are administered by several independent organizations. Participation in these plans is optional.

NOTE M - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Board contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system for the various state-supported educational agencies and institutions. This plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA).

Substantially all employees are members of the TRS. Membership is mandatory for covered or eligible employees. Benefits vest after 10 years creditable service. Vested employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 or after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits are calculated by two methods with the retiree receiving payments under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. The methods are (1) Minimum Guaranteed, or (2) Formula, of which the Formula method usually produces the highest monthly benefit. Under this method retirees are allowed 2.0125% of their average final salary (best three of the last ten years) for each year of service. Disability retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner. Pre-retirement death benefits in the amount of the annual salary for the fiscal year preceding death are provided to plan members.

The Teachers' Retirement System was established as of October 1, 1941, under the provisions of Act Number 419, Acts of Alabama 1939, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by state-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for general administration and operation of the Teachers' Retirement System is vested in its Board of Control. Benefit provisions are established by the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 16-25-1 through 16-25-113, as amended, and Sections 36-27B-1 through 36-27B-6, as amended.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Retirement Systems of Alabama issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. The CAFR is available on the RSA website at www.rsa.state.al.us under the publications tab. The CAFR may also be obtained by e-mailing Mike Mills at mikem@rsa.state.al.us or writing the Retirement Systems of Alabama, 135 South Union Street, Montgomery, AL 36130-2150 to the attention of Mike Mills.

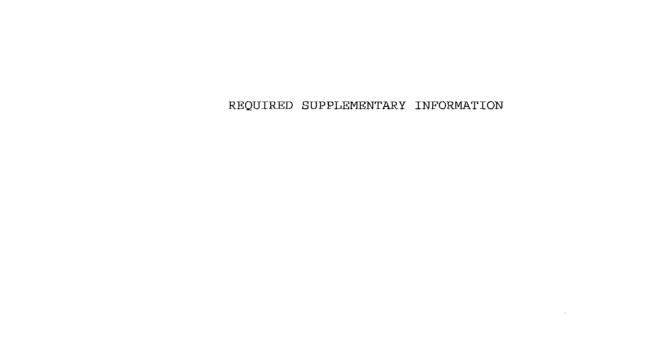
Funding Policy

Regular employees are required by statute to contribute 5 percent of their salary, and certified policemen and firefighters contribute 6 percent of their salary to the Teachers' Retirement System. The Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the actuarially determined contributions to ensure sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. Each year the Teachers' Retirement System recommends to the Legislature the contribution rate for the following fiscal year, with the Legislature setting this rate in the annual appropriation bill. A schedule of employer contributions is shown below:

Fiscal Year	Required Contributions	Percentage Contributed
<u>icar</u>	CONCIDUCTORS	Concerpated
2008	\$ 3,375,920	100%
2007	\$ 2,377,017	100%
2006	\$ 1,821,693	100%
2005	\$ 1,444,360	100%
2004	\$ 1,292,274	100%

NOTE N - DEFICIT BALANCES

The Special Revenue has a deficit fund balance as of September 30, 2008 of \$26,946. The deficit is attributed to the salary accrual which is recorded annually, a timing difference.



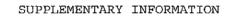
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PHENIX CITY RETIREMENT UNDER THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ALABAMA

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
9/30/07	\$30,700,386	\$39,588,019	\$ 8,887,633	77.5%	\$12,751,009	69.7%
9/30/06	\$28,950,489	\$37,434,976	\$ 8,484,487	77.3%	\$12,188,222	69.6%
9/30/05	\$27,740,298	\$34,280,385	\$ 6,540,087	80.9%	\$12,237,464	53.4%
9/30/04	\$26,403,031	\$30,983,870	\$ 4,580,839	85.2%	\$11,164,995	41.0%
9/30/03	\$25,489,635	\$29,661,659	\$ 4,172,024	85.9%	\$10,579,945	39.4%
9/30/02	\$24,840,330	\$28,123,430	\$ 3,283,100	88.0%	\$ 9,804,198	34.0%
9/30/01	\$24,784,764	\$26,118,542	\$ 1,333,778	94.9%	\$10,419,909	12.8%
9/30/00	\$23,733,519	\$24,003,859	\$ 270,340	. 98,9%	\$10,607,322	2.5%
9/30/99	\$22,182,687	\$21,600,113	\$ {582,574}	102.7%	\$ 9,635,405	(6.0)%
9/30/98	\$20,873,878	\$20,032,127	\$ (841,751)	104.2%	\$ 8,767,212	(9,6)%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Required <u>Contribution</u>	Employer Contribution Actually Made	Percentage of APC Contributed
9/30/07	\$1,033,730	\$1,033,730	100%
9/30/06	\$ 974,492	\$ 974,492	100%
9/30/05	\$ 874,995	\$ 874,995	100%
9/30/04	\$ 721,920	\$ 721,920	100%
9/30/03	\$ 652,630	\$ 652,630	100%
9/30/02	\$ 606,155	\$ 606,155	100%
9/30/01	\$ 542,073	\$ 542,073	100%
9/30/00	\$ 414,021	\$ 414,021	100%
9/30/99	\$ 338,569	\$ 338,569	100%



CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Debt Service Funds	_	Special Revenue Funds	<u> </u>	Total Non-Major Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other funds Notes receivable	\$	57,272 26,241 	\$	902,838 269,741 17,770 51 390,000	\$	960,110 269,741 44,011 51 390,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	83,513	\$ ₌	1,580,400	\$_	1,663,913
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	55,235	\$	8,984 5,117	\$	64,219 5,117
TOTAL LIABILITIES		55,235		14,101		69,336
FUND BALANCES Reserved: Projects Receivables Debt service	_	 28,278	_	906,558 659,741 		906,558 659,741 28,278
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		28,278	_	1,566,299	e-ar .	1,594,577
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	83,513	\$ __	1,580,400	\$_	1,663,913

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Debt Service Funds			Special Revenue Funds	-	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Fines and forfeitures Investment income Sale of property Miscellaneous	\$	1,684,797 3,415 	\$	457,736 242,531 62,723 4,220 29,513	\$	2,142,533 242,531 66,138 4,220 29,513
TOTAL REVENUES		1,688,212		796,723		2,484,935
EXPENDITURES Current: Education Capital outlay Public works	_	1,688,214	-	2,529 273,782	-	1,688,214 2,529 273,782
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,688,214	-	276,311	-	1,964,525
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(2)	-	520,412	_	520,410
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	-		-	25,000 (1,857,019)	-	25,000 (1,857,019)
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-			(1,832,019)	-	(1,832,019)
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(2)		(1,311,607)		(1,311,609)
FUND BALANCE - OCTOBER 1, 2007	-	28,280		2,877,906	-	2,906,186
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	\$	28,278	\$	1,566,299	\$	1,594,577

Totals	902,838 269,741 17,770 390,000	\$ 1,580,400		8,984	14,101	1,566,299	\$ 1,580,400
-	<i>в</i>	\$ 1,		€>			∨
Phenix Industrial Park	1,476	1,476		, ,	1	1,476	1,476
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	804	408		5,117	5,117	(4,709)	408
Loci Enfor	₩	69		€9			€9
Confiscated Property Fund	12,105	12,105		20	20	12,055	12,105
0	₩	မာ ။		υ I υ .			<i>ε</i> γ
Second Mortgage Fund	298,052 269,741 390,000	957,793		1 1	!	957,793	957,793
ν ω Ι		നി ബ		<i>€</i> 9	ı	او	ဖြ
Corrections Fund	214,555	\$ 214,606			·	214,606	\$ 214,606
ᄩᆡ	& 147 1 ∏ &			 	ı	위	
Seven Cent Gas Tax	9,514	272,610				272,610	272,610
<i>ω</i>	vs I	↔ "		60 T		1	εςς
Five Cent Gas Tax	2,718	15,320		\$ 8,934	8,934	6,386	\$ 15,320
ax ent	38 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$ 22.		1 1	I	32,272	
Four Cent Gas Tax	5,538	32,272		ļ		32.	32.
, ≠ √l	73,810 \$	<i>\$</i> 9`` ⊙∥		69 	ł	<u>o</u>	\$
Two Cent Gas Tax	\$ 73,81	\$ 73,810 \$		₩		73,810	\$ 73,810 \$ 32,272
		TOTAL ASSETS	JOE		TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		
ASSETS	Cash Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Notes receivable Due from other funds		LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	TOTAL CUF	FUND BALANCE Reserved for subsequent years expenditures	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year Ended September 30, 2008

Totals	457,736 242,531 62,723 4,220 29,513	796,723	2,529	276,311	520,412	25,000	(1,832,019)	(1,311,607)	2,877,906	1,566,299
Phenix Industrial Park	55,261	59,481	40,000	40,000	19,481	(1,390,242)	(1,390,242)	(1,370,761)	1,372,237	\$ 1,476 \$
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	φ [;	1 01	10	(10)	1 1	1	(10)	(4,699)	(4,709)
Confiscated Property Fund	\$ 1,870	1,924	2,529	2,529	(605)	1 1	ţ	(605)	12,660	12,055 \$
Second Mortgage Fund	\$ - \$ 403 - Z7,643	28,046	21,416	21,416	6,630	! !	i	6,630	951,163	\$ 957,793 \$
Corrections Fund	\$ 242,531 170	242,701	59	59	242,642	(136,777)	(136,777)	105,865	108,741	\$ 214,606
Seven Cent Gas Tax	\$ 230,876	233,500	1 1	1	233,500	(55,000)	(55,000)	178,500	94,110	\$ 272,610
Five Cent Gas Tax	\$ 65,965	67,825	212,297	212,297	(144,472)	25,000	25,000	(119,472)	125,858	\$ 6,386
Four Cent Gas Tax	139,978 2,106	142,084	, 1	:	142,084	(275,000)	(275,000)	(132,916)	165,188	32,272
Two Cent Gas Tax	\$ 20,917 \$ 245	21,162	i i	i	21,162	!!	Helps depolytics and management of the last of the las	21,162	52,648	\$ 73,810 \$
	REVENUES Taxes Taxes Fines and forfeitures Investment income Sale of Property Miscellaneous	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES Current: Capital outlay Public works	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)	FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2007	FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2008

		3 Mill Fund		4 Mill Fund		 Totals
ASSETS						
Cash Taxes receivable		\$	24,658 11,245	\$	32,614 14,996	\$ 57,272 26,241
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	35,903	\$	47,610	\$ 83,513
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		\$	23,656	\$	31,579	\$ 55,235
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		23,656		31,579	55,235
FUND BALANCE						
Reserved: Debt service			12,247		16,031	 28,278
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	35,903	\$	47,610	\$ 83,513

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended September 30, 2008

		3 Mill Fund		4 Mill Fund		_	Totals
REVENUES Taxes Investment income		\$	722,056 217	\$ _	962,7 4 1 3,198	\$	1,684,797 3,415
	TOTAL REVENUES		722,273		965,939		1,688,212
EXPENDITURES Current: Education			722,273	_	965,941	_	1,688,214
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(2)		(2)
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBE	ER 1, 2007	<u></u>	12,247	_	16,033	_	28,280
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEM	IBER 30, 2008	\$_	12,247	\$	16,031	\$_	28,278

ASSETS	Lakewoo Golf Course	d —	Total Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Public Utilities	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash Accounts receivable (net of allowance \$924,490) Interest receivable Due from other funds	\$ 15,6° 5,8° 38,0°	87 	5,887 	\$ 604,340 1,967,217 52,443 1,127,465 183,984	\$ 620,015 1,973,104 52,443 1,127,465
Inventory Prepaid expenses	2,6		38,094 2,671	63,045	222,078 65,716
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	62,3	27	62,327	3,998,494	4,060,821
FIXED ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Accumulated depreciation	2,429,1 (1,025,1		2,429,131 (1,025,195)	92,153,756 (27,660,542)	94,582,887 (28,685,737)
OTHER ASSETS Deferred outflow for interest rate swap agreement Bond issue costs				907,263 385,703	907,263 385,703
RESTRICTED ASSETS Cash				1,371,745	1,371,745
TOTAL ASSETS	1,466,2	63	1,466,263	71,156,419	72,622,682
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					-
CURRENT LIABILITIES (payable from current assets): Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Customer deposits Due to other funds	21,1 10,4 13,2 992,7 24,6	40 19 74	21,131 10,440 13,219 992,774 24,618	551,846 70,421 141,365 103,318 590,099	572,977 80,861 154,584 103,318 1,582,873 24,618
Deferred revenue TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES (PAYABLE FROM CURRENT ASSETS)	1,062,1		1,062,182	1,457,049	2,519,231
CURRENT LIABILITIES (payable from restricted assets): Current maturities of long-term debt Accrued interest		 		1,255,000 31,760	1,255,000 31,760
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES (PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS)				1,286,760	1,286,760
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Long-term debt, less current maturities Fair value of interest rate swap agreement			 +	23,940,068 907,263 24,847,331	23,940,068 907,263 24,847,331
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,062,1		1,062,182	27,591,140	28,653,322
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	1, 4 03,9 (999,8		1,403,936 (999,855)	39,407,932 1,371,745 2,785,602	40,811,868 1,371,745 1,785,747
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 404,0		404,081	\$ <u>43,565,279</u>	\$_43,969,360

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS Year Ended September 30, 2008

REVENUES		Lakewood Golf Course		Total Non-Major Enterprise Funds		Public Utilities	_	Total Enterprise Funds
Charges for services	\$	579,589	\$	579,589	\$	9,390,393	\$	9,969,982
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	47,333	Ψ	47,333
Miscellaneous revenues	_					236,165		236,165
TOTAL REVENUES		579,589		579,589	_	9,673,891	-	10,253,480
EXPENSES								
Administrative						1,656,806		1,656,806
Water plant						1,669,461		1,669,461
Water distribution						402,190		402,190
Wastewater distribution						836,343		836,343
Wastewater plant						1,735,598		1,735,598
Lakewood golf course	_	941,596	-	941,596	_			941,596
TOTAL EXPENSES	_	941,596	_	941,596	_	6,300,398	-	7,241,994
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(362,007)		(362,007)		3,373,493		3,011,486
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)								
Investment income		255		255		110,272		110,527
Depreciation and amortization		(82,886)		(82,886)		(2,093,256)		(2,176,142)
Interest expense						(1,502,955)		(1,502,955)
Contributed assets	_	55,600	_	55,600	-	1,515,371	-	1,570,971
TOTAL NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	-	(27,031)	_	(27,031)	~	(1,970,568)	-	(1,997,599)
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(389,038)		(389,038)		1,402,925		1,013,887
NET ASSETS OCTOBER 1, 2007	-	793,119	_	793,119	_	42,162,354	-	42,955,473
NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	\$ _	404,081	\$_	404,081	\$ __	43,565,279	\$	43,969,360

	_	Lakewood Golf Course	Total Non-Major Enterprise Funds	_	Public Utilities	-	Total Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees	\$	562,998 (140,295) (383,870)	\$ 562,998 (140,295) (383,870)	\$	9,256,451 (3,944,478) (2,350,093)	\$	9,819,449 (4,084,773) (2,733,963)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING INCOME	_	38,833	38,833	_	2,961,880	_	3,000,713
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest and fees paid on capital debt	~	(28,589) 	(28,589)	_	(1,212,015) (1,200,000) (1,481,150)	_	(1,240,604) (1,200,000) (1,481,150)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(28,589)	(28,589)	_	(3,893,165)	_	(3,921,754)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received	-	255	255	_	92,641	-	92,896
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	255	255	_	92,641	_	92,896
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		10,499	10,499		(838,644)		(828,145)
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING	_	5,176	5,176		2,814,729	_	2,819,905
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS ENDING	\$_	15,675	\$ 15,675	\$_	1,976,085	\$_	1,991,760
RECONCILIATION Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments: (Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) Decrease in other current assets Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable Increase (Decrease) in comp absences Increase (Decrease) in customer deposits Increase (Decrease) in due to other funds Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ - \$	(362,007) (591) (9,687) (3,610) 430,162 (15,434) 38,833	\$ (362,007) (591) (9,687) (3,610) 430,162 (15,434) 38,833	\$ \$=	3,373,493 (411,266) (32,443) (114,153) 329 (5,900) 161,994 (10,174) 2,961,880	\$:	3,011,486 (411,857) (32,443) (123,840) (3,281) (5,900) 592,156 (25,608) 3,000,713
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash during the year for interest NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	\$_	1,233,607					
Capital assets contributed from other sources	\$_	1,570,971					

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND September 30, 2008

ASSETS		Employee Health Care Fund	Total Internal Service Fund
Cash		\$4,682	\$4,682
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,682	4,682
	TOTAL ASSETS	4,682	4,682
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Claims payable Due to other funds		214,600 305,000	214,600 305,000
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	519,600	519,600
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	519,600	519,600
NET ASSETS Unrestricted		(514,918)	(514,918)
	TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$(514,918)	\$ <u>(514,918)</u>

CITY OF PHENIX CITY, ALABAMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Employee Health Care Fund	 Total Internal Service Fund
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	2,404,424	\$ 2,404,424
EXPENSES Claims Administrative fees Stop loss insurance		2,284,641 248,018 144,202	2,284,641 248,018 144,202
	EXPENSES	2,676,861	2,676,861
OPERATING INC	OME (LOSS)	(272,437)	(272,437)
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) Investment income		1,726	 1,726
TOTAL NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	1,726	 1,726
NET INC	OME (LOSS)	(270,711)	(270,711)
NET ASSETS OCTOBER 1, 2007		(244,207)	 (244,207)
NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2008	\$	(514,918)	\$ (514,918)

		Employee Health Care Fund	_	Total Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers	\$	2,609,424 (2,676,861)	\$	2,609,424 (2,676,861)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING INCOME	-	(67,437)	-	(67,437)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received	-	1,726	_	1,726
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	1,726	_	1,726
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		(65,711)		(65,711)
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING	=	70,393		70,393
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS ENDING	\$	4,682	\$ _	4,682
RECONCILIATION Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments: Increase (Decrease) in due to other funds	\$	(272,437)	\$	(272,437)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	205,000 (67,437)	\$	205,000
THE GROWN HOUSE (GOED) BY OF ENAMINO ACTIVITIES	Ψ.	(104,10)	Ψ=	(67,437)

Albright, Fortenberry &

Ninas, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS GEORGIA AND ALABAMA SOCIETIES OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Thomas P. Berry, CPA Phillip F. Bowden, CPA John C. Fortenberry, CPA Stephen E. Hodges, CPA Larry L. Young, CPA

Retired: James E. Albright H. Russell Ninas, II

A. J. Bowden, CPA Virginia A. Mann, CPA Stan H. Montgomery, CPA Melanie L. Powell, CPA

To the Mayor and Council City of Phenix City, Alabama

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Phenix City, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City of Phenix City, Alabama's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Phenix City, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Phenix City, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Phenix City, Alabama's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Phenix City, Alabama's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Phenix City, Alabama's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Phenix City, Alabama's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Phenix City, Alabama's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonble assurance about whether the City of Phenix City, Alabama's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Audting Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Phenix City, Alabama in a separate letter dated July 17, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Albright, Forterberry & Minas, LLP

Columbus, Georgia July 17, 2009